



High performance. Delivered.

Application Architecture

Hamburg, December 2003

Vitae



Thomas Stephan

- BWL, Masch.-Bau
- Verheiratet, 2 Kinder
- seit 1995 bei Accenture
- Bereich Financial Services - Banking

Agenda



- Definition
- Context
- Application Architecture Example
- Dependencies
 - Service & Process Model
 - Guiding Principles
 - Value Proposition, Capabilities & Requirements
 - Business Components & Applications
 - Technical & Data Architecture
 - Organisational Architecture
 - Functional Cluster & Architecture
 - Component Interaction
- Do's and Don't
- Consultant Role
- Questions & Answers

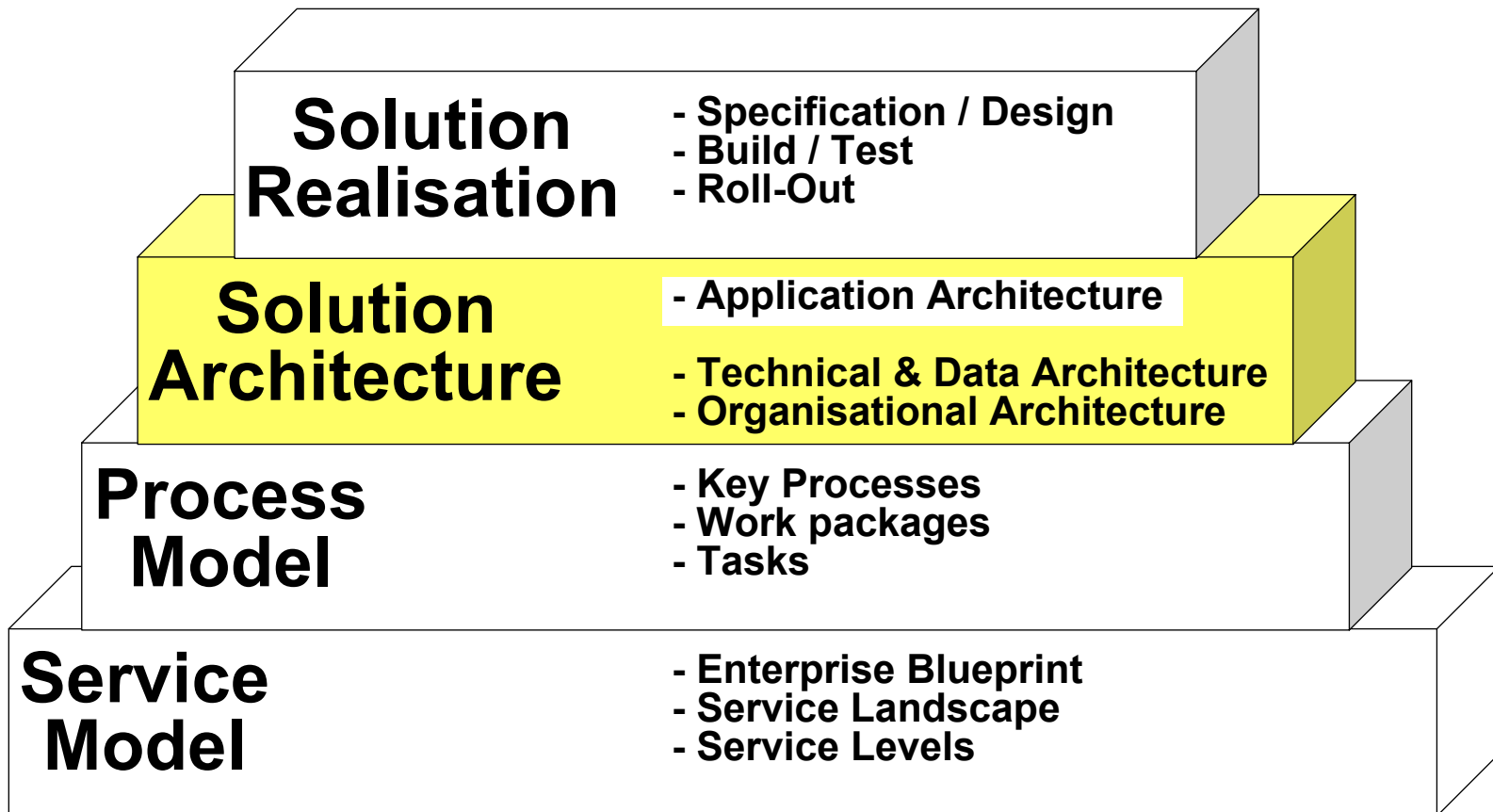
Definition



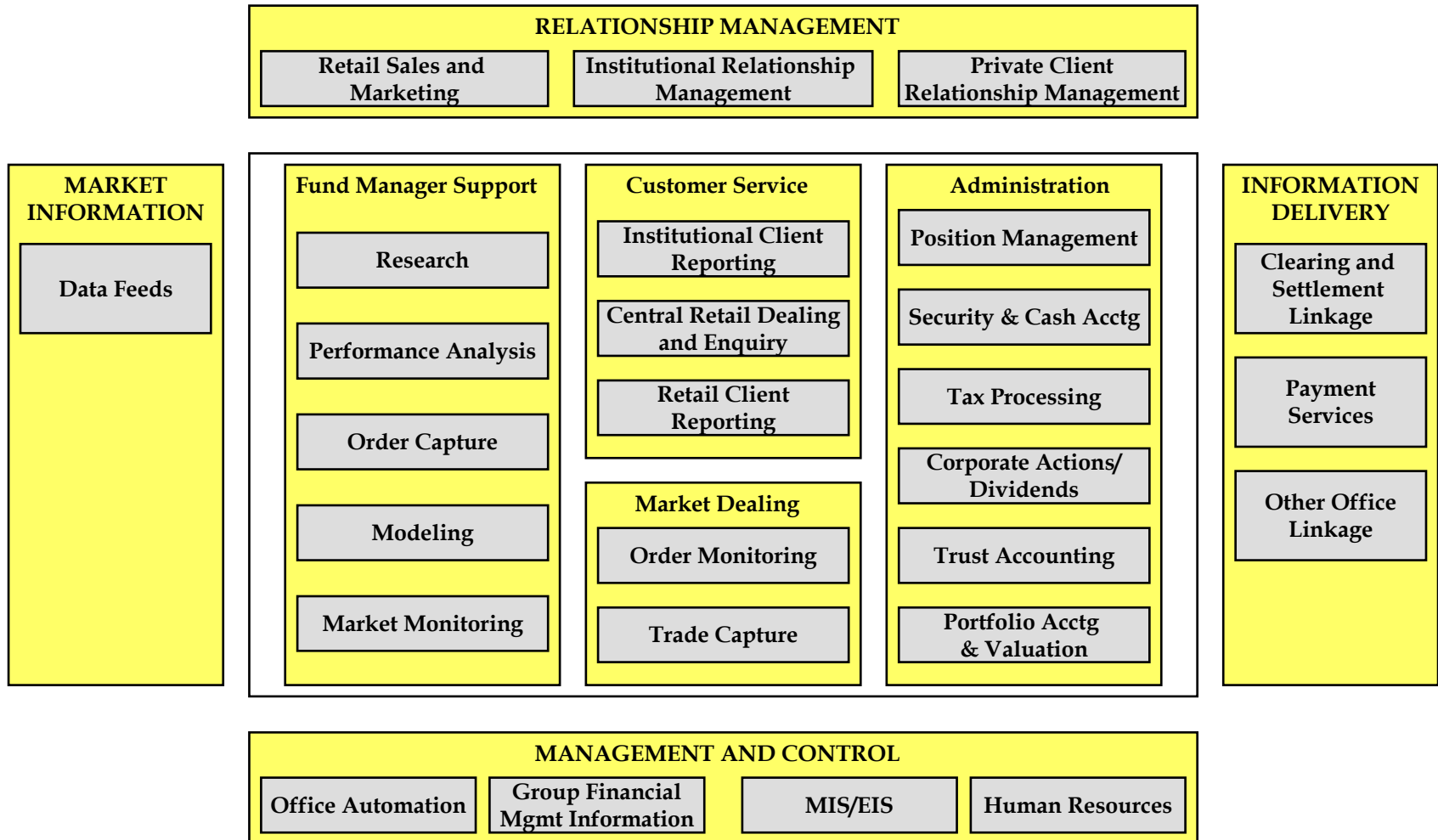
A concept that defines the characteristics, styles, and interactions among one or several applications:

- In the context of the Planning phase, the application architecture concentrates on defining the major applications within an enterprise.
- This includes identifying how applications interact with each other and the other elements within the business architecture.
- The deliverable related to the application architecture in the Planning phase is known as the Application Software Architecture.

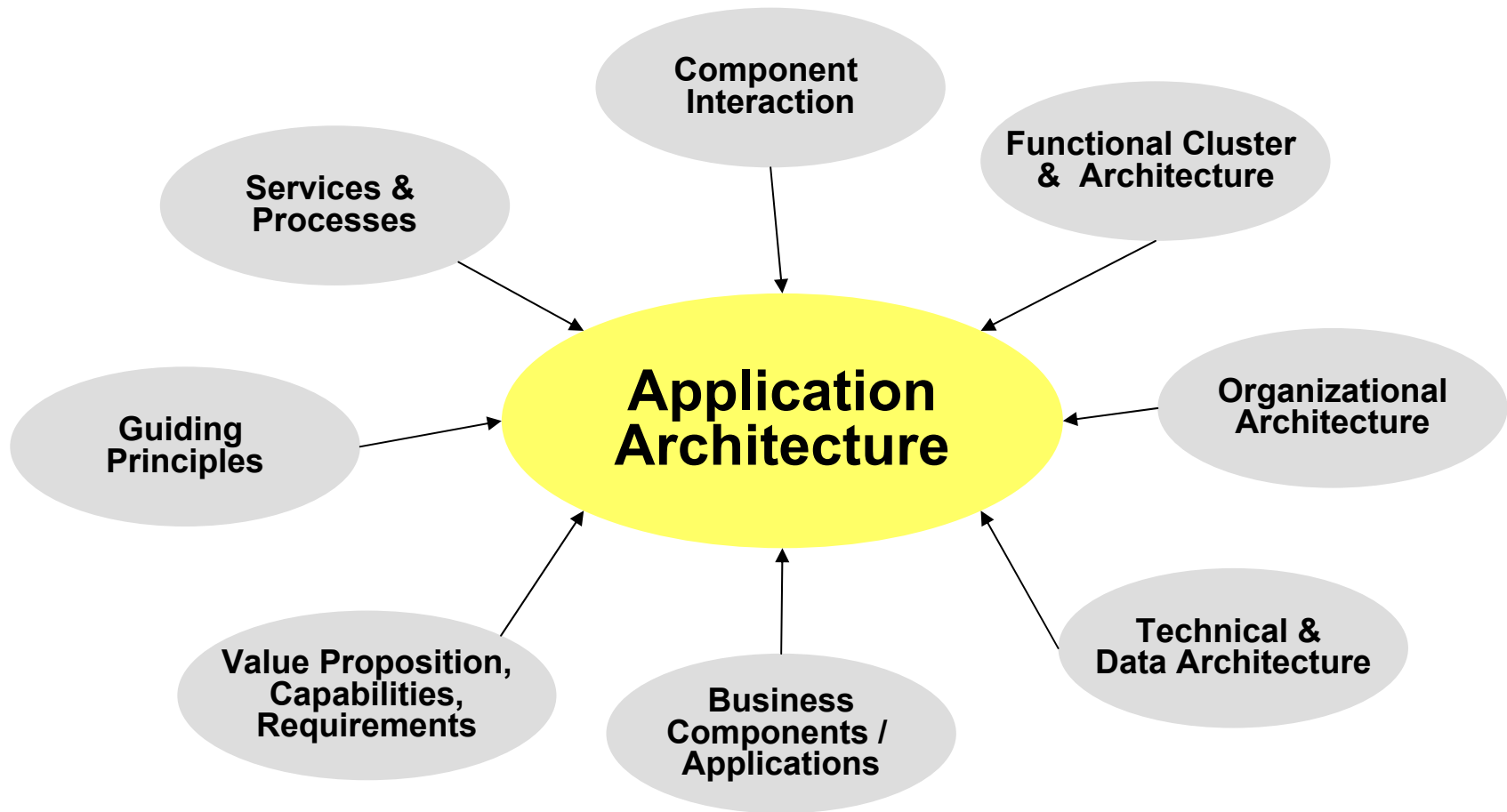
Context: Development Project Life Cycle

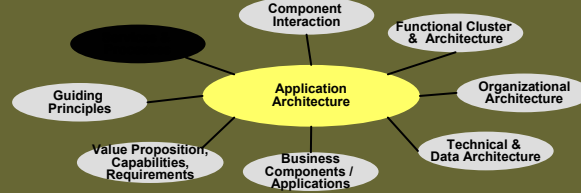


Application Architecture Example



Dependencies





Service and Process Model

Service Model

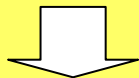
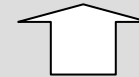
- Which services do I provide?
- Who are my customers?
- What are the channels?
- ...

Banking Services

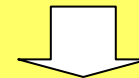
- Securities custody & transaction
- Cash custody & transaction
- Foreign Exchange
- ...



Outside-View



Inside-View

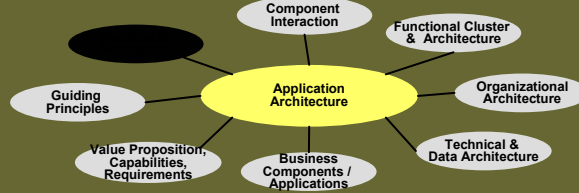


Process Model

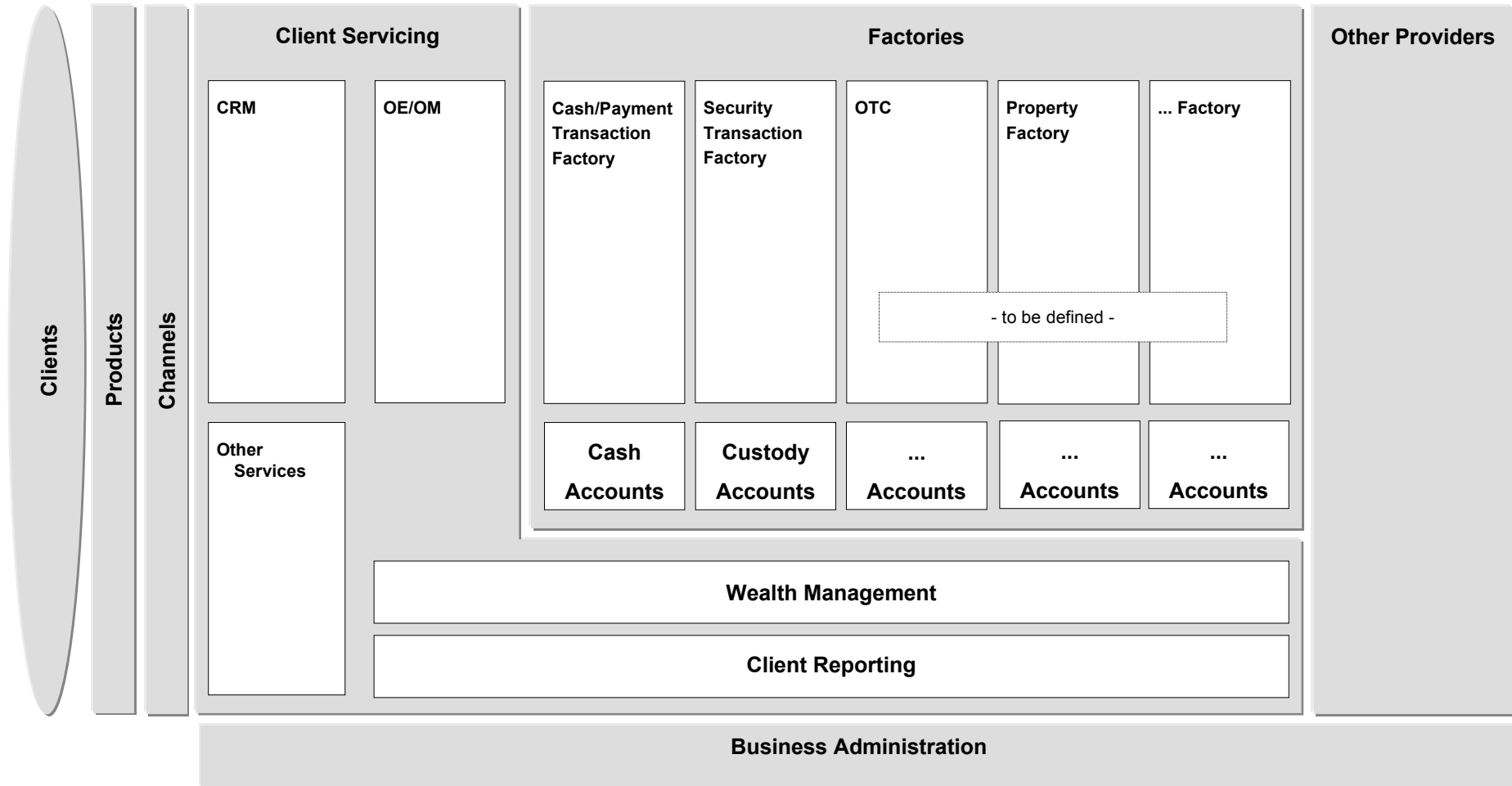
- What are the core processes?
- What is the value chain?
- Where are process cuts (in- / outsourcing)?
- What are the work packages?
- What are the involved tasks?
- ...

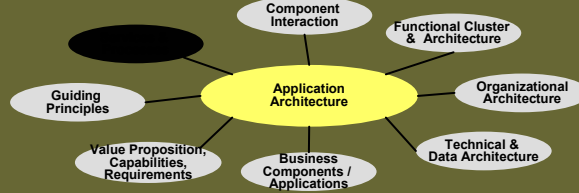
Banking Processes

- Clearing & Settlement process
- Cash processing
- Valuation and Reporting process
- Posting and Booking process
- Audit & Compliance process
- Reconciliation process
- ...



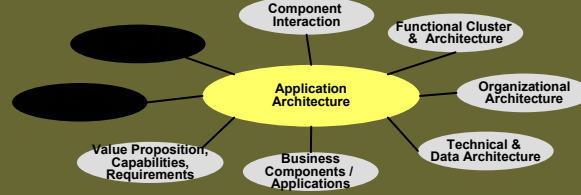
Service Model Example





Service – Process Mapping

Main Processes (Level 'A')	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	P10	P11	P12	P13
	Administer Client / Counterparty Data	Maintain Asset, Investment and Other Descriptive Data	Control Instrument Movement	Process Corporate Actions	Manage Real Estate	Manage Market Information	Maintain Information Network	Perform Client / Portfolio Accounting	Perform Fund Accounting	Measure Investment Performance	Provide and Distribute Client/Portfolio Information	Manage Client/Counterparty Relationships	Manage SLAs
MIS/ Reporting Services										X	X		
Data Administration	X	X											
Settlement	X		X			X	X	X				X	
Fund Administration					X				X				
Portfolio Accounting				X				X					
SLA/ RSA Management													X
SPOC for Operations	X	X	X	X				X		X	X		



Guiding Principles

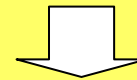
Strategic Principles

- Package usage
- Core competencies
- ...



Technical Principles

- Platform technology
- Proprietary technology
- ...



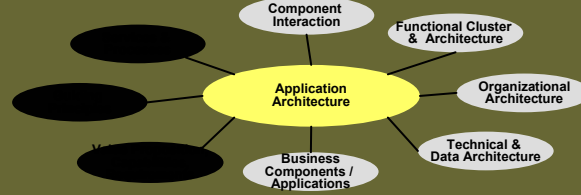
Business Principles

- In-Outsourcing
- Future Growth
- ...



Architecture Principles

- Service architecture
- Data redundancy
- ...

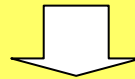


Requirements

Business Value Propositions

- Global player
- Consistent client experience
- Quality leader
- Cost leader

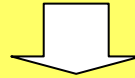
-...



Solution / System Capabilities

- Provide products & services across regions
- Consistent channel management
- Provide consistent quality over time
- High degree of automation

-...

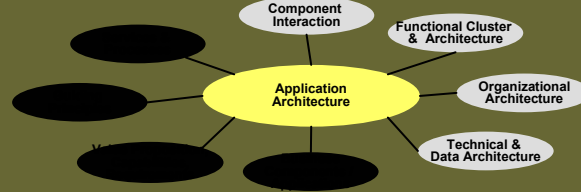


Architecture / System Requirements

- Modular product concept
- Open architecture / 3rd party
- Multi channel support
- STP / Automation

-...

Business Components & Applications



Existing Systems

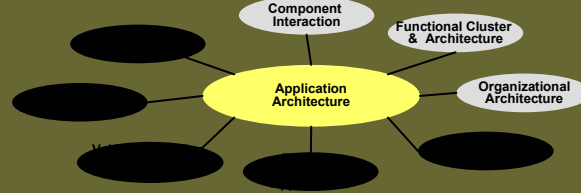
In-House Development

- Highly customized <>processes & organisation
- Highly automated according to processes
- Organic / historic growth
- ...

Packages

- Universal coverage (low depth)<> products & processes
- Special coverage (deep depth)<> products & processes
- Independent / autarc and referential integer
- ...

Future Systems



Technical & Data Architecture

Technical HW & SW

System Performance

Disaster Recovery

Platform Homogeneity

Security

Reliability

Availability

Maintainability

Data

Normalisation

Volume

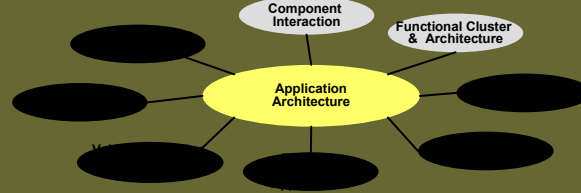
Redundancy

Accessibility

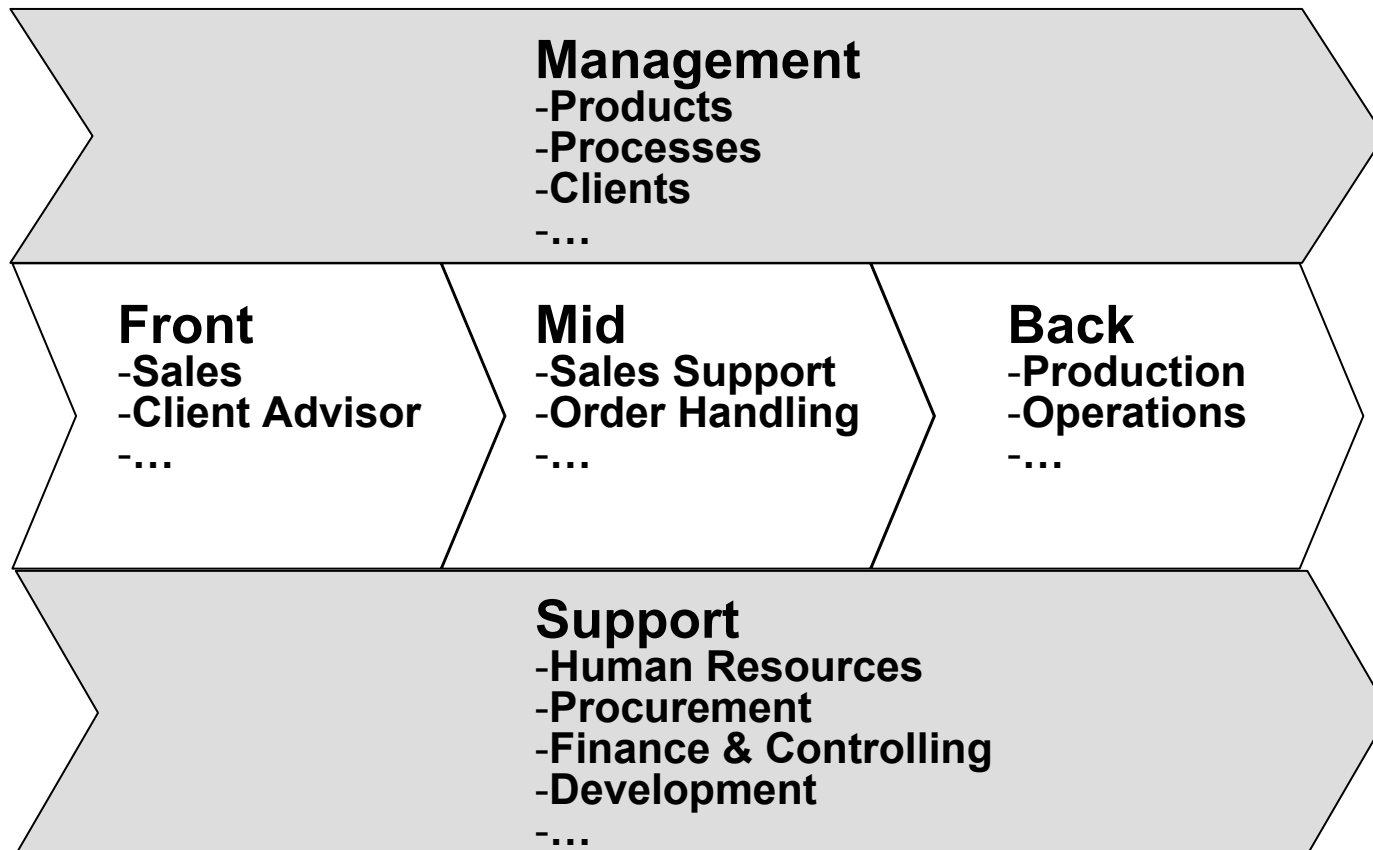
Performance

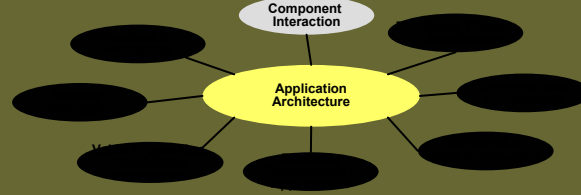
Distribution

Quality



Organisational Structure





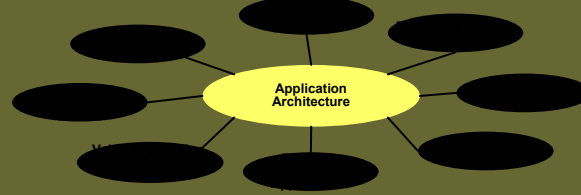
Functional Clustering

Data Keeping

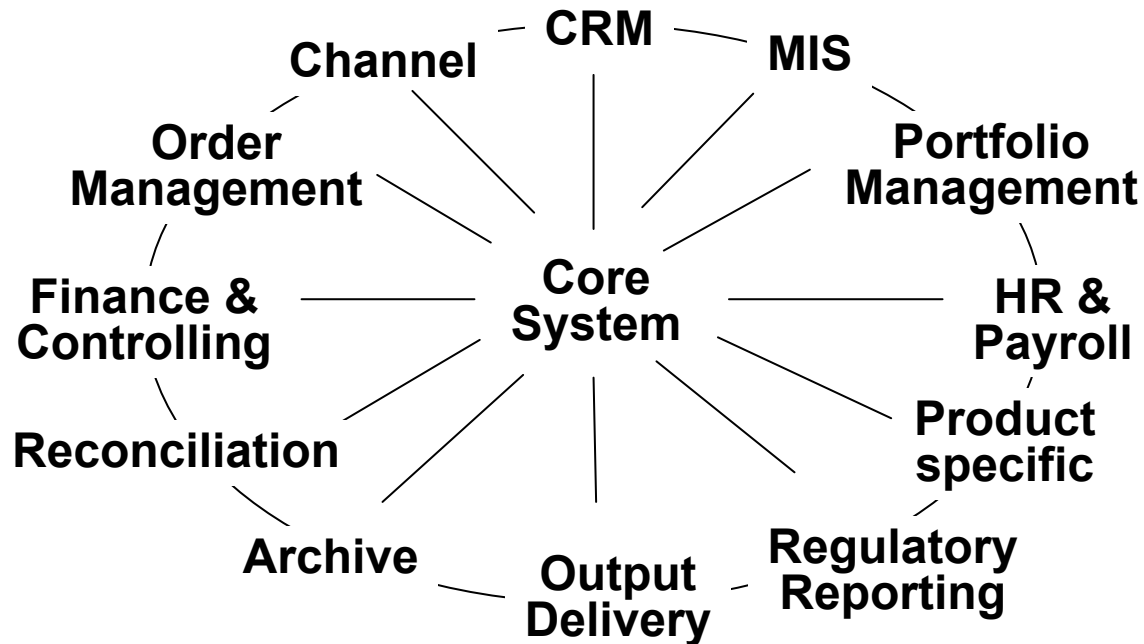
- Client Static Data
- Management Information
- Client Relationship Data
- Regulatory Information
- Transaction Data
- Position Data
- Product Data
- Contract Data
- Personnel Data

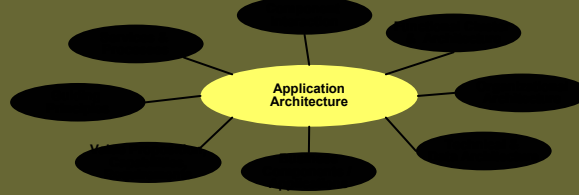
Process Execution

- Customer Care & Advisory
- Order Management
- Posting & Booking
- Archiving
- Reporting
- Production Control
- HR processes

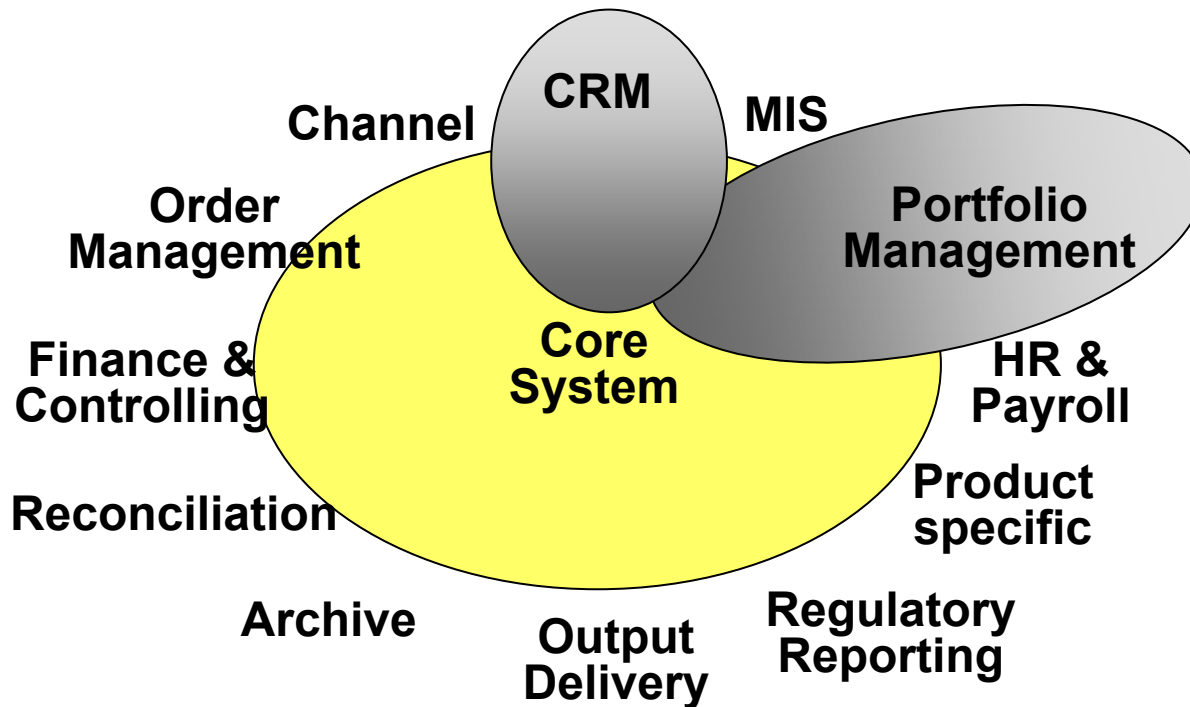


Component Interaction





Component Overlap



Do's and Don't



Do's

- Package Alliances
 - Consider Growth
 - Functional Modularity
 - Process Cuts
 - End-to-End view
 - Master-Slave Data separation
- => Interface effort, process cuts
 - => Performance & Scalability
 - => Cost efficiency
 - => In- and Outsourcing
 - => Complete
 - => Quality

Do's and Don't



Don't

- Centralised Architecture
 - Data redundancies
 - Functional overlaps
 - Encapsulating components
 - „Werkstudenten-Problem“
 - Core Competency as package
- => Complexity
- => Quality & Effort
- => Costs & Process cuts
- => Unused Suite Advantage
- => Maintenance
- => Flexibility & Time to Market

Consultant Role



- Workload
 - Project modus
 - Timescale
- Expertise
 - Architecture
 - Packages
 - Methods
- Independence
 - Neutral to packages
 - Neutral to internal politics

Questions & Answers



- Why do I need Application Architecture?
- When do I need Application Architecture?
- Who needs the Application Architecture?
- What are trends in Application Architecture?

Contact



thomas.stephan@accenture.com